

ERFP Ad Hoc Action:

Network for small native horse breeds in the Baltic Sea region and Northern Europe

Contact of the leading person for the *Ad Hoc* Action

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1

Small native horse breeds



Nordland/Lyngen horse (Norway)



Finn horse



Dole horse



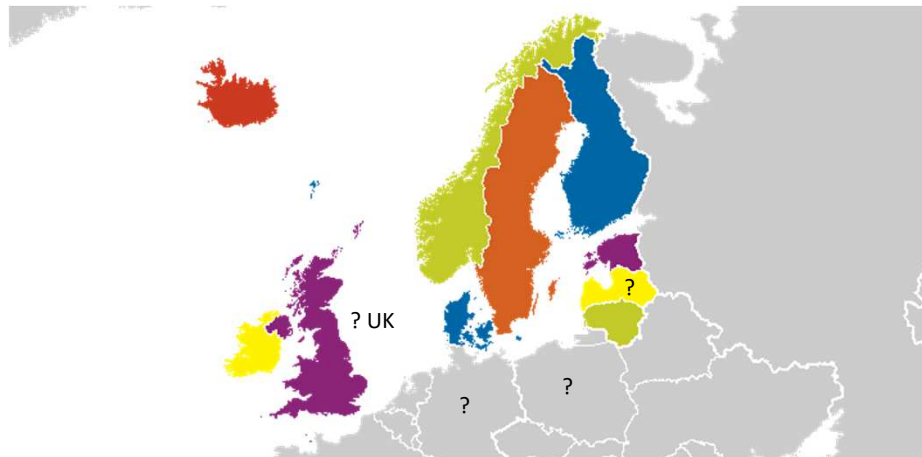
Faroese horse



Žemaitukai horse

2

Baltic Sea region and Northern Europe



3

Background

- The native horse breeds have a **long history** and are more or less **purebred**.
- Situation of native small horse breeds refer on **hard breeding work in very small populations** trying to **avoid inbreeding**,
- **Exchange of information and best practices** is desirable and the activities in the different countries and different populations can be complementary.
- A **common strategy** can be envisaged to exploit the historical and intangible value of native horse populations in breeding work and to improve the relationship with horse breeders, sport associations and tourism industries.

4

Contribution to the goals of ERFP

- *In-situ, ex-situ* conservation and sustainable use of AnGR in European countries,
- Implementation of the Global Plan of Action for AnGR in Europe,
- Strengthen collaboration of NCs activities at the European level,
- Collaboration within the European Region searching new regional projects, research, workshops and knowledge exchange of good practice on national programs for AnGR.

5

Budget

- **A brainstorm workshop to be held in connection to horse show/exhibition.**
- Travel costs for the team meeting in 2022: 11 persons from each country x 800 € per person
Total **8800€**
- **or**
- Travel costs for the team meeting in 2022: 13 persons from each country x 800 € per person
Total **10400€**

6

Exterior phenotypic characteristics

Breed	Height at wither (cm)	Cannon bone girth (cm)	Body weight (kg)	

The status of small horses breeds: purebred population size

Breed	Country of Origin	Other countries	Number of horses	Effective population size	Average foals per year	Conservation programme
						Yes/No

The status of small horses breeds: importance, breeding practice and use.

Breed	Importance in national scale Low High?	Incidence of crossbreeding and breeds involved	Priority of the use: Leisure Show – jumping Endurance Carriage driving	

7

Data collection

	A	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q
	English name	Height at wither (cm)	Cannon bone girth (cm)	Body weight (kg)	Colours	Year for population data	Number of horses	Number of mares
1	Zemaitukai	128-142	17-19	360-420	bay, black, dark chestnu	2021	902	
3	Jutland Horse	150-160		700-1000	Mainly red. Bay and bla	2017		970
4	Frederiksborg Horse	Mares: 160-166, Stallions: 163-168			All pure colours allowed	2019		
5	Knabstrupper Horse	155-165			Spotted	2017		1121
6	Finnhorse	130-148 (small horse), 150-170 (other types)			535 majority chestnut, othe	2020	19000 (500 work hor	1840
7	Faroese Horse	122 (average)			Bay, chestnut, blackbrov	2020		90 10 (breeding)
8	Icelandic Horse	140 cm (average)		350-400	Multiple colours and pa	2019	In Iceland: 78K, Other countries: 195K	
9	Dole Horse	145-155			Black, brown, chestnut,	2018		238 (breeding)
10	Norwegian Fjord Horse	135-150		400-500	brown dun, white dun, i	2020	Norway: 5800, Word 271 (breeding)	
11	Nordland /Lyngen Horse	125-145			Chestnut, bay, black, pa	2020		998 females (166 bre
12	Norwegian Coldblooded trotter	146-159			Any colour	2018	12000	855 (breeding)
13	Gotland Pony	115-130			Any colour, except: blue	2019		1000
14	North Swedish workhorse	153 (mares), 155 (stallions)		500-750	brun, svart, fux, svartbr	2019		2000 (420 breeding)
15	Swedish Ardenner	152-162 (mares), 155-165 (stallions)			Brun, Fux, Svart, Silverb	2018		700
16	Swedish Coldblooded trotter	153 (ideal, 90% between 146-159)			Brown, Black and red is	2019		631 (covered)
17	Cleveland Bay Horse							
18	Dales Pony							
19	Eriskay Pony							
20	Exmoor Pony							
21	Hackney Horse and Pony							
22	Suffolk Horse							
23	Clydesdal Horse							
24	Fell Pony							
25	Highland Pony							

8

Physical meeting in 2022 September

- The agenda for the physical meeting:
- 1) GAP analysis: what information is still missing
- 2) Reporting. What and where? What are the main issues of each breed
(for example in Lithuania: the animals' small size causes challenges when competing)?
- 3) Promotion: material collection etc.



9

Thank you for your attention



10